Douglas County Economic Indicators

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Agenda



Employment, Wages,
 Durable/Nondurable consumer goods, Oil Production, Wheat prices, Inflation

Healthy-Wise Index

- Household perspective
- Labor force risk, opportunity, and education

Business Dynamism Index

- Firm perspective
- Examining the economic engine

Government Vitality Index

- Government perspective
- Market, core economic driver, and fiscal growth indicators

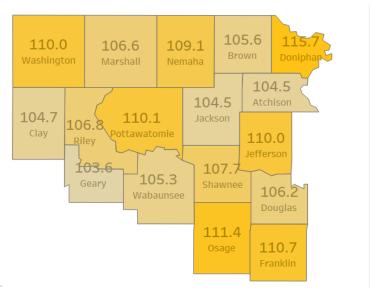


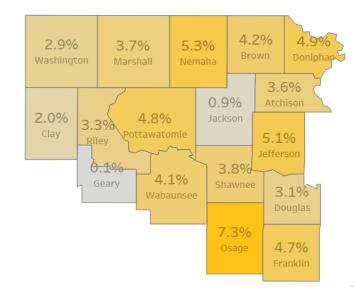


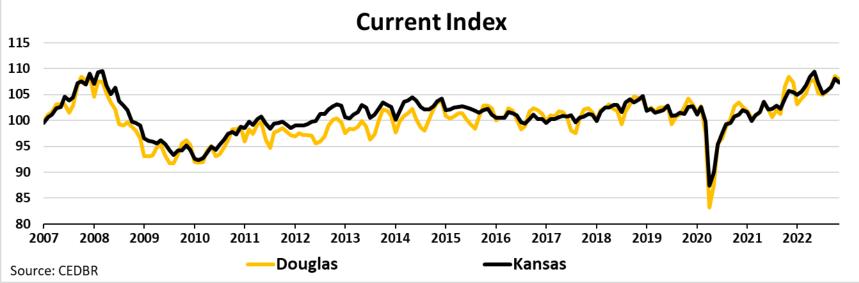
Current Index

2022 Current Index









- Regionally, all counties are better off than in 2017 (the base year)
- Douglas County falls slightly above the state average level post great recession
- Covid-19 pandemic hit Lawrence harder than average, but recovery was sharper.
- Slower mid-2010s than state average.

Household Index



Low Birthweight (1/3)

Obesity (1/3)

Preventable Hospitalizations (1/3)

Wealthy 1/3

GINI Index (1/3)

Household Income (1/3)

Poverty (1/3)

Wise 1/3

Associate's (1/3)

Bachelor's (1/3)

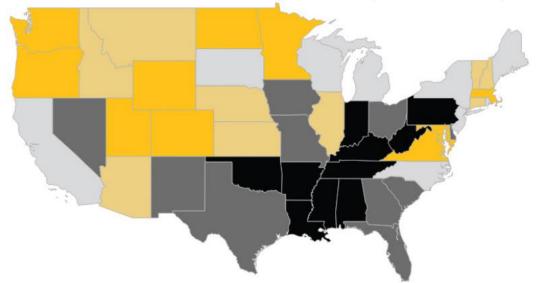
Advanced (1/3)

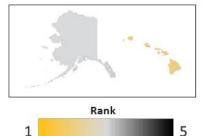




Healthy, Wealthy, and Wise — Kansas ranks near the national median

U.S. Healthy-Wealthy-Wise Index, 2024





- **Healthy** Near Median
 - High obesity
 - Low birthweights
- Wealthy Near Median
 - Low wealth polarization
 - Lagging incomes
- Wise Above Median
 - Associate and Bachelor

Kansas Healthy-Wealthy-Wise Index 2024

		Rank	Value
	Obesity Rate	4	35.8%
Healthy	Low Birthweight Rate	2	7.2%
	Preventable Hospitalization Rate	3	2.7%
	Gini Coefficient	2	0.46
Wealthy	Median Household Income	4	\$69,747
	Poverty Rate	3	11.6%
	Associate Degrees	2	31.4%
Wise	Bachelor Degrees	2	21.7%
	Advanced Degrees	3	13.0%

Neighboring State Ranks						
State	HWW Index	Healthy	Wealthy	Wise		
Colorado	1	2	1	1		
Kansas	3	3	3	2		
Missouri	4	4	4	4		
Nebraska	2	3	2	2		
Oklahoma	5	4	4	5		

Midwest Region

- Colorado and Nebraska lead
- Missouri and Oklahoma lag





Douglas County ranked among the top 20% in household conditions

Healthy-Wealthy-Wise 2024						
Healthy-						
County	Wealthy-Wise Index	Healthy	Wealthy	Wise		
Atchison	5	4	4	5		
Brown	5	4	4	4		
Clay	4	4	2	3		
Doniphan	3	3	2	3		
Douglas	1	1	4	1		
Franklin	4	5	1	4		
Geary	1	2	3	1		
Jackson	2	2	1	4		
Jefferson	1	1	1	3		
Marshall	2	2	3	3		
Nemaha	2	1	2	4		
Osage	4	5	1	5		
Pottawatomie	1	1	1	1		
Riley	2	1	5	1		
Shawnee	3	3	3	2		
Wabaunsee	1	2	1	3		
Washington	5	5	2	5		

Healthy: Top 20%

Wealthy: Below Median

• Wise: Top 20%





Healthy — Labor market has comparatively low health risk

Low Birthweight Rate

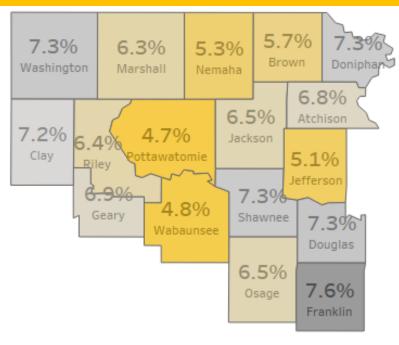
Obesity Rate

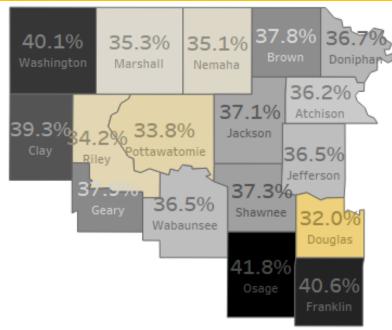
Preventable Hospitalizations Rate

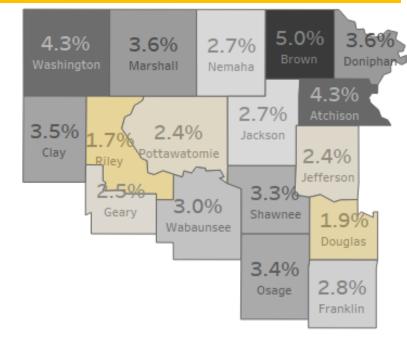
	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	7.0%	7.2%	0.2%
Douglas	6.5%	7.3%	0.8%

	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	32.4%	35.8%	3.4%
Douglas	26.2%	32.0%	5.8%

	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	5.1%	2.7%	-2.4%
Douglas	3.3%	1.9%	-1.4%









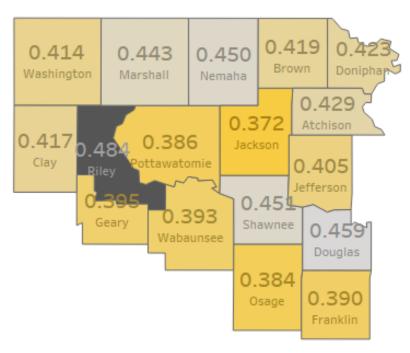


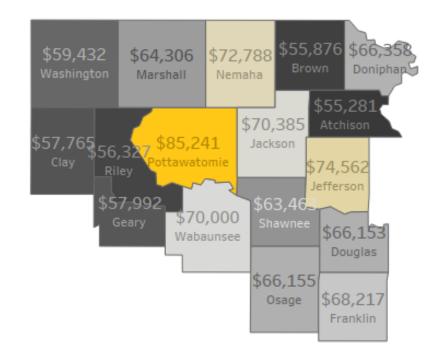
Wealthy — Wealth polarity and poverty improved strongly, but remain above average while household incomes grow more slowly

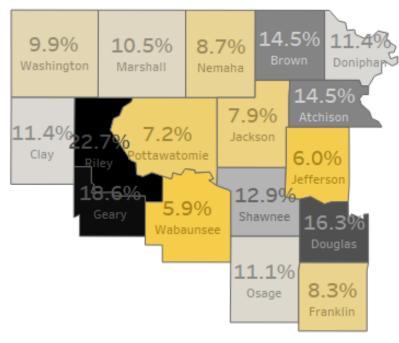
Gini Coefficient						
	2018	2022	Growth			
Kansas	0.458	0.458	-0.1%			
Douglas	0.471	0.459	-2.6%			

Median Household Income					
	2018	2022	Growth		
Kansas	\$ 57,422	\$ 69,747	21.5%		
Douglas	\$ 55,832	\$ 66,153	18.5%		

	Poverty Rate	
Kansas	12.4% 11.6%	-0.8%
Douglas	18.7% 16.3%	-2.4%











Wise — Douglas County has the highest overall levels of Bachelor+degrees

Total Education	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	64.7%	66.1%	1.4%
Douglas	77.6%	76.8%	-0.8%

Some	Collec	ge and	Associate	Degrees
		,		

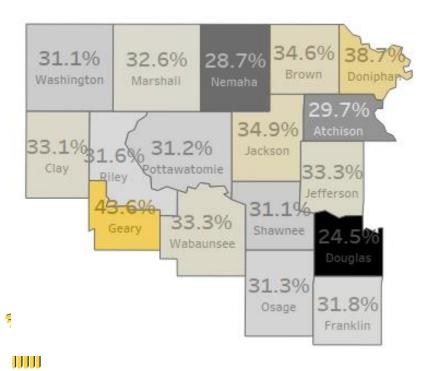
	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	31.8%	31.4%	-0.4%
Douglas	27.2%	24.5%	-2.7%

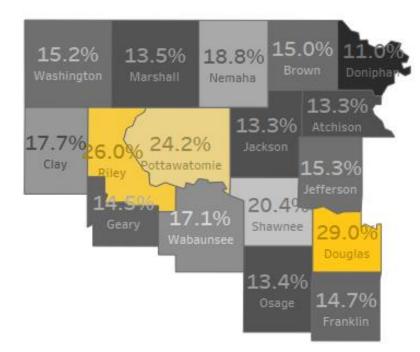
Bachelor Degrees

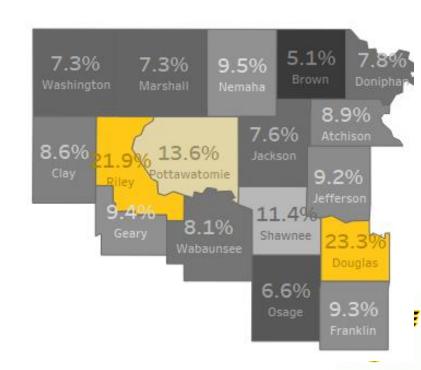
	2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	20.8%	21.7%	0.9%
Douglas	26.1%	29.0%	2.9%

Advanced Degrees

	2018 2022	Growth
Kansas	12.1% 13.0%	0.9%
Douglas	24.3% 23.3%	-1.0%







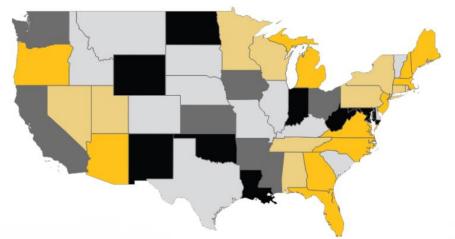
Business Dynamism Expansion Labor Churn Economic Diversification Employment Employment New Hires 1/3 1/2 1/3 Establishments **Separations** Establishments 1/3 1/2 1/3 Wages Wages 1/3 1/3

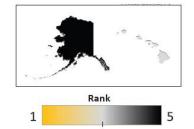




Business Dynamism – Kansas fell behind (Note 2018-2022)

U.S. Business Dynamism Index, 2024





Labor churn – Below Median

• **Diversification** – Near Median

Growth – Bottom 20% of States

Kansas Business Dynamism Index 2024

		Rank	Value
Labor Churn	New Hires	3	15.2%
Labor Cituin	Separations	3	16.3%
Economic	Employment	3	97.4
Diversification	Establishments	4	89.7
	Wages	2	96.0
Economic Growth	Employment Growth	4	0.6%
	Establishments Growth	5	5.0%
	Wages Growth	4	21.2%

Neighbor State Dynamism Ranks

State	Business Dynamism	Labor Churn	Economic Diversification	Economic Growth
Colorado	3	4	3	2
Kansas	4	4	3	5
Missouri	3	4	2	3
Nebraska	3	3	2	4
Oklahoma	5	5	4	5

Midwest Region

- Colorado, Nebraska, and Missouri lead
- Oklahoma lags





Douglas County ranks among the top 20% in Business Dynamism

Business Dynamism Index Ranks 2024

County	Business Dynamism	Labor Churn	Economic Diversification	Economic Growth
Atchison	3	3	1	4
Brown	4	3	3	5
Clay	2	4	3	3
Doniphan	3	2	3	2
Douglas	1	1	1	1
Franklin	1	1	1	1
Geary	4	1	3	3
Jackson	4	5	4	5
Jefferson	3	1	3	1
Marshall	1	5	2	1
Nemaha	1	5	2	1
Osage	3	1	3	1
Pottawatomie	1	2	1	1
Riley	1	1	1	1
Shawnee	2	2	1	2
Wabaunsee	5	1	4	4
Washington	2	5	4	2

Labor Churn: Top 20%

Economic Diversification:
 Top 20%

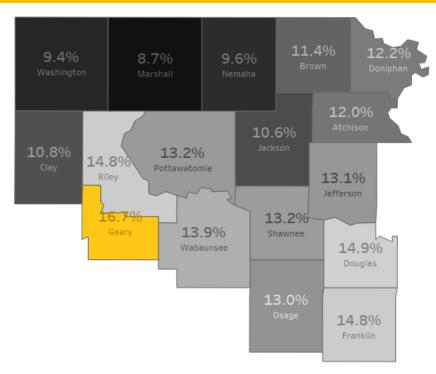
Economic Growth: Top20%

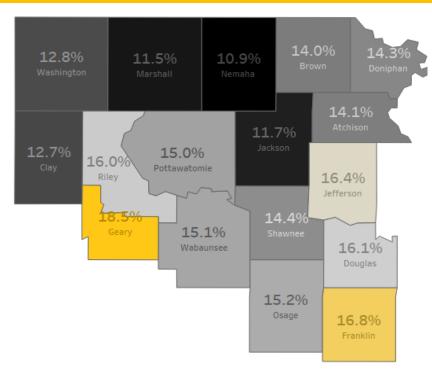




Labor Churn — Lower job movement may be a risk, but there are advantages in retention and growth has been better than average

	New H	lires			Separa	tions	
	2018	2022	Growth		2018	2022	Growth
Kansas	14.3%	15.2%	0.9%	Kansas	15.7%	16.3%	0.6%
Douglas	13.1%	14.9%	1.9%	Douglas	15.1%	16.1%	1.0%



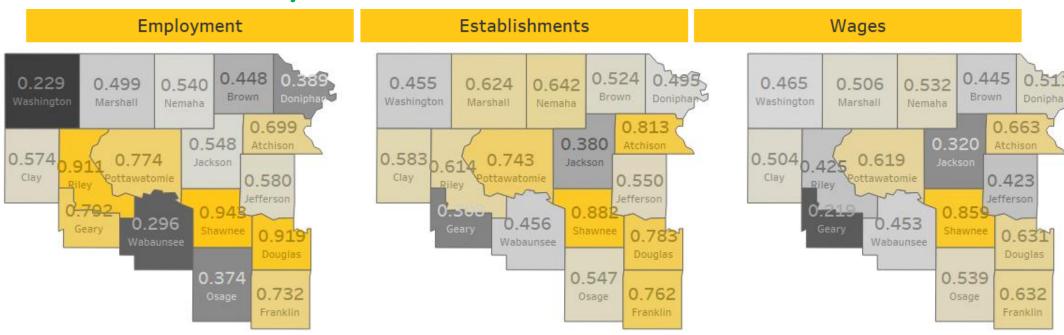


- We are not at the new labor market equilibrium
 - Separations are not an inherent negative

- Labor mobility drives skill-job matching (optimization)
- Drives growth in productivity

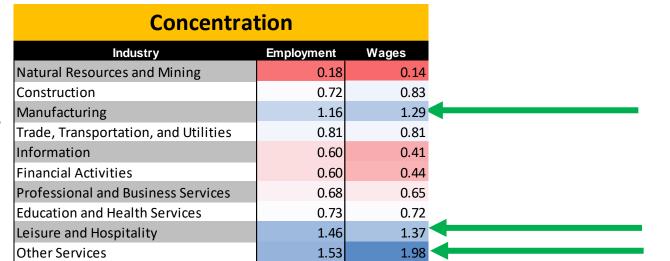


Diversification — very high diversity with strong servicebased economy



- Two perspectives
 - Diversity weathers economic cycles
 - Economies of Agglomeration

CEDBR
CLDDI



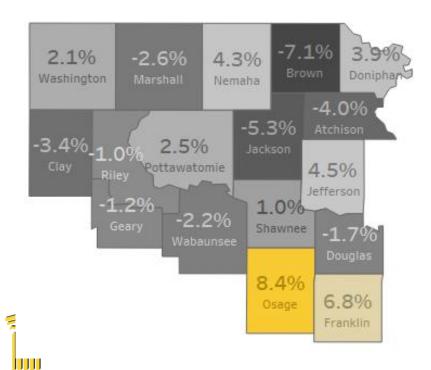


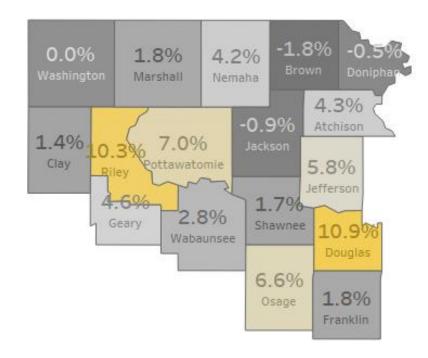
5-Year Expansion – faster establishment and wage growth despite slight employment decline

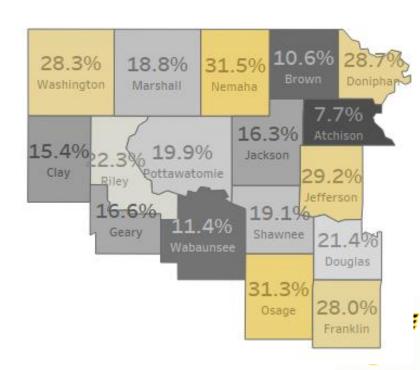
Employment				
	2018	2022	Growth	
Kansas	1,383,119	1,390,817	0.6%	
Douglas	49,203	48,388	-1.7%	

Establishments				
	2018	2022	Growth	
Kansas				
	88,793	93,245	5.0%	
Douglas	3,064	3,397	10.9%	

Wages						
(\$millions)	2018	2022	Growth			
Kansas	64,463	78,133	21.2%			
Douglas	1,926	2,339	21.4%			







Government Vitality

Market Growth

GDP 20%

Personal Income 40%

County Index 40%

Economic Drivers

Prime Age 25%

Mobility 25%

Home Value 50%

Fiscal Growth

Bonds 10%

Property Tax 60%

Retail Sales 30%





Douglas County ranks above the median in Government Vitality

Government Vitality Index 2024						
County	Government Vitality	Economic Drivers	Market Growth	Fiscal Growth		
Atchison	5	4	5	5		
Brown	3	3	3	3		
Clay	3	2	4	3		
Doniphan	5	5	5	2		
Douglas	2	2	3	3		
Franklin	1	2	3	2		
Geary	5	5	5	5		
Jackson	5	5	3	4		
Jefferson	4	3	4	3		
Marshall	3	5	2	2		
Nemaha	1	1	2	1		
Osage	2	3	3	2		
Pottawatomie	4	4	3	3		
Riley	4	4	4	2		
Shawnee	4	4	3	4		
Wabaunsee	1	1	3	1		
Washington	1	2	4	1		

• Economic Drivers: Above median

• Market Growth: Near Median

• Fiscal Growth: Near Median



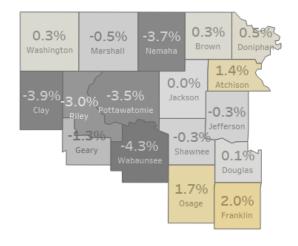


Economic Drivers – Above median overall

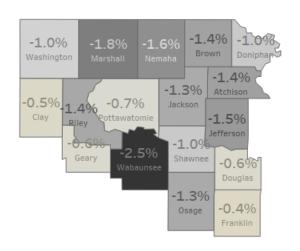
Median Home Value Growth

48.9% Washington Marshall S3.2% Brown Doniphap 23.2% Atchison 37.8% Clay Clay Pottawatomie Riley Pottawatomie 37.8% Bhawnee 37.9% Douglas

Inward Mobility Growth



Prime Age Growth



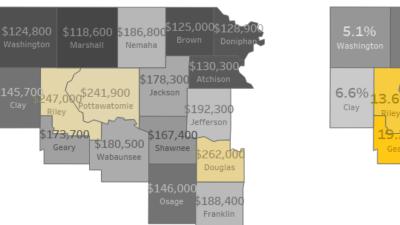
 Median home values have grown on par with the statewide average and are high compared to other counties

Inward mobility has grown, and is very high among counties statewide

Prime age share declined, but remains on par with state average

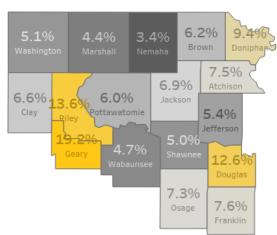
Median Home Value

Inward Mobility Share

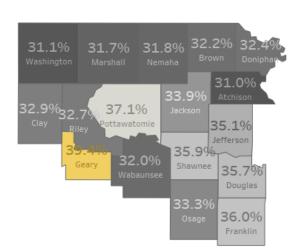


44.8%

Osage



Prime Age Share



Market Growth – Near median overall

Income Per Capita Growth

18.1%

25.9%

22.5%

26.9%

23.5%

Douglas

30.5%

20.3%

GDP Growth

38.4%

19.9%

19.5% 39.9% 29.9% 14.1% 25.4 Shawnee 17.9%

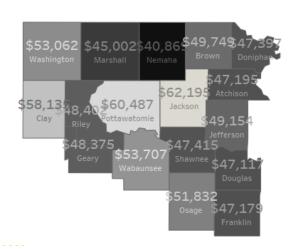
Current Index Growth

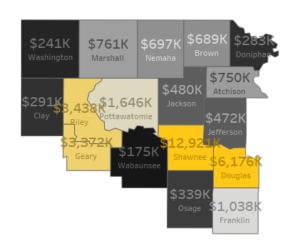
5.3% 10.5% 9.4% 8.6% Brown 5.3% 4.6% 4.6% 5.4% Douglas 10.0% 9.7%

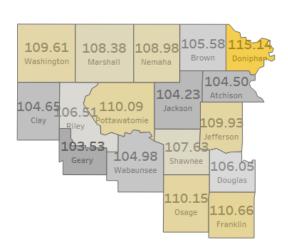
Income Per Capita

GDP (\$millions)

Current Index







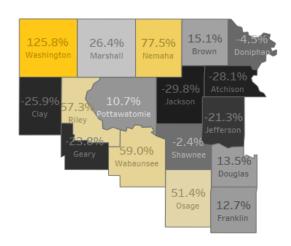
- Income per capita growth slightly below statewide average, and the level is low for the region
- GDP has grown by slightly less than the state, but remains a regional powerhouse
- Current Index almost exactly average

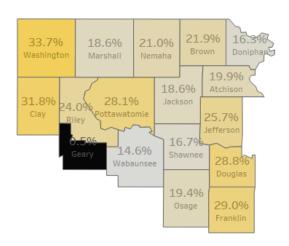
Fiscal Growth – Near median overall

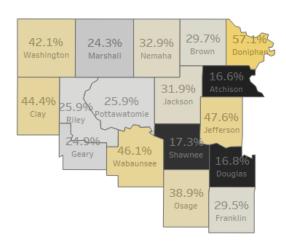
Per Capita Bonds Growth

Per-Capita Property Tax Collections Growth

Per-Capita Retail Sales Growth



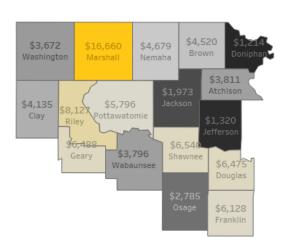


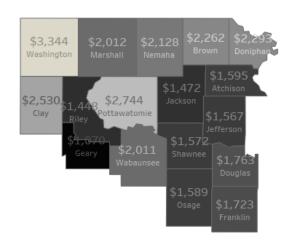


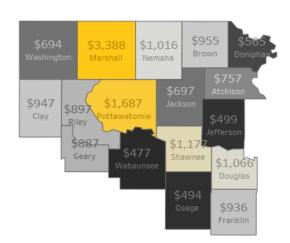
Per Capita Bonds

Per-Capita Property Tax Collections

Per-Capita Retail Sales







- Per capita bonds grew slower than the statewide average, but it remains high in level
- Per capita property tax collections have grown faster than the state average but remain low on a per-capita basis
- Per capita retail sales growth is below average, though is slightly above average in level